

8048H/8048H-1/8035HL/8035HL-1 HMOS SINGLE COMPONENT 8-BIT MICROCOMPUTER

- 8048H/8048H-1 Mask Programmable ROM
- 8035HL/8035HL-1 CPU Only with Power Down Mode

- 8-BIT CPU, ROM, RAM, I/O in Single Package
- High Performance HMOS
- Reduced Power Consumption
- 1.4 μ sec and 1.9 μ sec Cycle Versions
- All Instructions 1 or 2 Cycles
- Over 90 Instructions: 70% Single Byte
- 1K x 8 ROM
- 64 x RAM
- 27 I/O Lines
- Interval Timer/Event Counter
- Easily Expandable Memory and I/O
- Compatible with 8080/8085 Series Peripherals
- Two Single Level Interrupts

The Intel® 8048H/8048H-1/8035HL/8035HL-1 are totally self-sufficient, 8-bit parallel computers fabricated on single silicon chips using Intel's advanced N-channel silicon gate HMOS process.

The 8048H contains a 1Kx8 program memory, a 64x8 RAM data memory, 27 I/O lines, and an 8-bit timer/counter in addition to on-board oscillator and clock circuits. For systems that require extra capability the 8048H can be expanded using standard memories and MCS-80® /MCS-85® peripherals. The 8035HL is the equivalent of the 8048H without program memory and can be used with external ROM and RAM.

To reduce development problems to a minimum and provide maximum flexibility, a logically and functionally pin compatible version of the 8048H with UV-erasable user-programmable EPROM program memory is available. The 8748 will emulate the 8048H up to 6 MHz clock frequency with minor differences.

The 8048H is fully compatible with the 8048 when operated at 6MHz.

These microcomputers are designed to be efficient controllers as well as arithmetic processors. They have extensive bit handling capability as well as facilities for both binary and BCD arithmetic. Efficient use of program memory results from an instruction set consisting mostly of single byte instructions and no instructions over 2 bytes in length.

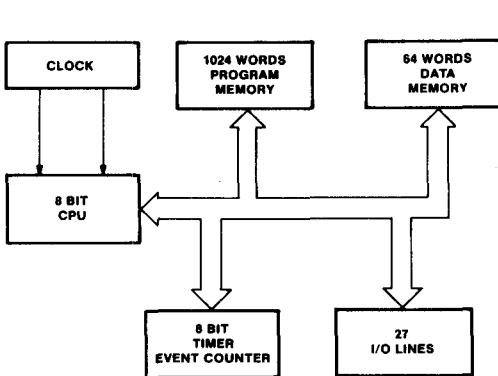


Figure 1.
Block Diagram

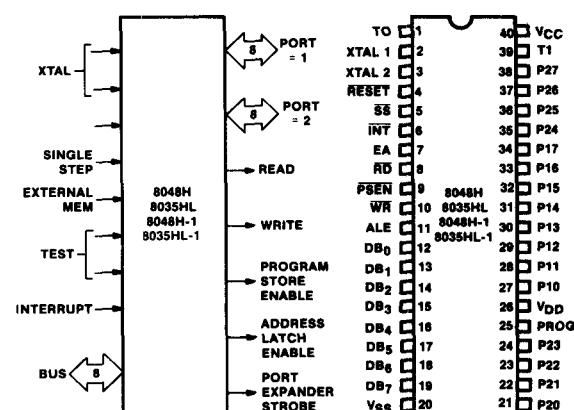


Figure 2.
Logic Symbol

Figure 3.
Pin Configuration
(top view)

Table 1. Pin Description

Symbol	Pin No.	Function	Symbol	Pin No.	Function
VSS	20	Circuit GND potential			
VDD	26	Low power standby pin	<u>RD</u>	8	Also testable with conditional jump instruction. (Active low)
VCC	40	Main power supply; +5V during operation.			Output strobe activated during a BUS read. Can be used to enable data onto the bus from an external device.
PROG	25	Output strobe for 8243 I/O expander.	<u>RESET</u>	4	Used as a read strobe to external data memory. (Active low)
P10-P17 Port 1	27-34	8-bit quasi-bidirectional port.			Input which is used to initialize the processor. (Active low) (Non TTL VIH)
P20-P27 Port 2	21-24	8-bit quasi-bidirectional port.	<u>WR</u>	10	Output strobe during a bus write. (Active low)
	35-38	P20-P23 contain the four high order program counter bits during an external program memory fetch and serve as a 4-bit I/O expander bus for 8243.			Used as write strobe to external data memory.
DB0-DB7 BUS	12-19	True bidirectional port which can be written or read synchronously using the <u>RD</u> , <u>WR</u> strobes. The port can also be statically latched. Contains the 8 low order program counter bits during an external program memory fetch, and receives the addressed instruction under the control of PSEN. Also contains the address and data during an external RAM data store instruction, under control of ALE, <u>RD</u> , and WR.	ALE	11	Address latch enable. This signal occurs once during each cycle and is useful as a clock output. The negative edge of ALE strobes address into external data and program memory.
T0	1	Input pin testable using the conditional transfer instructions JT0 and JNT0. T0 can be designated as a clock output using ENT0 CLK instruction.	<u>PSEN</u>	9	Program store enable. This output occurs only during a fetch to external program memory. (Active low)
T1	39	Input pin testable using the JT1, and JNT1 instructions. Can be designated the timer/counter input using the STRT CNT instruction.	<u>SS</u>	5	Single step input can be used in conjunction with ALE to "single step" the processor through each instruction. (Active low)
INT	6	Interrupt input. Initiates an interrupt if interrupt is enabled. Interrupt is disabled after a reset.	EA	7	External access input which forces all program memory fetches to reference external memory. Useful for emulation and debug, and essential for testing and program verification. (Active high)
			XTAL1	2	One side of crystal input for internal oscillator. Also input for external source. (Non TTL VIH)
			XTAL2	3	Other side of crystal input.

Table 2. Instruction Set

Accumulator			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
ADD A, R	Add register to A	1	1
ADD A, @R	Add data memory to A	1	1
ADD A, # data	Add immediate to A	2	2
ADDC A, R	Add register with carry	1	1
ADDC A, @R	Add data memory with carry	1	1
ADDC A, # data	Add immediate with carry	2	2
ANL A, R	And register to A	1	1
ANL A, @R	And data memory to A	1	1
ANL A, # data	And immediate to A	2	2
ORL A, R	Or register to A	1	1
ORL A, @R	Or data memory to A	1	1
ORL A, # data	Or immediate to A	2	2
XRL A, R	Exclusive or register to A	1	1
XRL A, @R	Exclusive or data memory to A	1	1
XRL A, # data	Exclusive or immediate to A	2	2
INC A	Increment A	1	1
DEC A	Decrement A	1	1
CLR A	Clear A	1	1
CPL A	Complement A	1	1
DA A	Decimal adjust A	1	1
SWAP A	Swap nibbles of A	1	1
RL A	Rotate A left	1	1
RLC A	Rotate A left through carry	1	1
RR A	Rotate A right	1	1
RRC A	Rotate A right through carry	1	1

Subroutine			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
CALL addr	Jump to subroutine	2	2
RETR	Return	1	2
RETR	Return and restore status	1	2

Flags			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
CLR C	Clear carry	1	1
CPL C	Complement carry	1	1
CLR F0	Clear flag 0	1	1
CPL F0	Complement flag 0	1	1
CLR F1	Clear flag 1	1	1
CPL F1	Complement flag 1	1	1

Data Moves			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
MOV A, R	Move register to A	1	1
MOV A, @R	Move data memory to A	1	1
MOV A, # data	Move immediate to A	2	2
MOV R, A	Move A to register	1	1
MOV @R, A	Move A to data memory	1	1
MOV R, # data	Move immediate to register	2	2
MOV @R, #data	Move immediate to data memory	2	2
MOV A, PSW	Move PSW to A	1	1
MOV PSW, A	Move A to PSW	1	1
XCH A, R	Exchange A and register	1	1
XCH A, @R	Exchange A and data memory	1	1
XCHD A, @R	Exchange nibble of A and register	1	
MOVX A, @R	Move external data memory to A	1	2
MOVX @R, A	Move A to external data memory	1	2
MOV P, @A	Move to A from current page	1	2
MOV P3 A, @	Move to A from page 3	1	2

Timer/Counter			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
MOV A, T	Read timer/counter	1	1
MOV T, A	Load timer/counter	1	1
STRT T	Start timer	1	1
STRT CNT	Start counter	1	1
STOP TCNT	Stop timer/counter	1	1
EN TCNT1	Enable timer/counter interrupt	1	1
DIS TCNT1	Disable timer/counter interrupt	1	1

Control			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
EN 1	Enable external interrupt	1	1
DIS 1	Disable external interrupt	1	1
SEL RB0	Select register bank 0	1	1
SEL RB1	Select register bank 1	1	1
SEL MB0	Select memory bank 0	1	1
SEL MB1	Select memory bank 1	1	1
ENT 0 CLK	Enable clock output on T0	1	1

Branch			
Mnemonic	Description	Bytes	Cycles
JMP addr	Jump unconditional	2	2
JMP @A	Jump indirect	1	2
DJNZ R, addr	Decrement register and skip	2	2
JC addr	Jump on carry = 1	2	2
JNC addr	Jump on carry = 0	2	2
JZ addr	Jump on A zero	2	2
JNZ addr	Jump on A not zero	2	2
JTO addr	Jump on TO = 1	2	2
JNTO addr	Jump on TO = 0	2	2
JT1 addr	Jump on T1 = 1	2	2
JNT1 addr	Jump on T1 = 0	2	2
JF0 addr	Jump on F0 = 1	2	2
JF1 addr	Jump on F1 = 1	2	2
JTF addr	Jump on timer flag	2	2
JN1 addr	Jump on INT = 0	2	2
JBb addr	Jump on accumulator bit	2	2

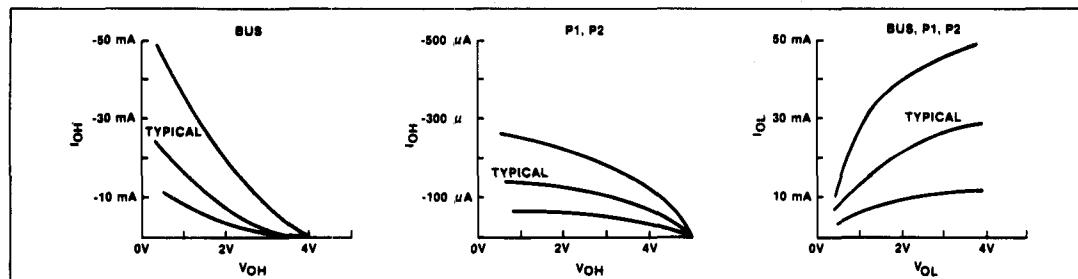
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Ambient Temperature Under Bias 0°C to 70°C
 Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C
 Voltage On Any Pin With Respect
 to Ground -0.5V to +7V
 Power Dissipation 1.5 Watt

*NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

D.C. CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 0°C to 70°C, V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 5V + 10%, V_{SS} = 0V)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage (All Except RESET, X1, X2)	-.5		.8	V	
V _{IL1}	Input Low Voltage (RESET, X1, X2)	-.5		.6	V	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage (All Except XTAL1, XTAL2, RESET)	2.0		V _{CC}	V	
V _{IH1}	Input High Voltage (X1, X2, RESET)	3.8		V _{CC}	V	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage (BUS)			.45	V	I _{OL} = 2.0 mA
V _{OL1}	Output Low Voltage (RD, WR, PSEN, ALE)			.45	V	I _{OL} = 1.8 mA
V _{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (PROG)			.45	V	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA
V _{OL3}	Output Low Voltage (All Other Outputs)			.45	V	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage (BUS)	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -400μA
V _{OH1}	Output High Voltage (RD, WR, PSEN, ALE)	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -100μA
V _{OH2}	Output High Voltage (All Other Outputs)	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -40μA
I _{L1}	Input Leakage Current (T1, INT)			± 10	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}
I _{L11}	Input Leakage Current (P10-P17, P20-P27, EA, SS)			-500	μA	V _{SS} + .45 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}
I _{L0}	Output Leakage Current (BUS, TO) (High Impedance State)			± 10	μA	V _{SS} + .45 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}
I _{DD}	V _{DD} Supply Current		4	8	mA	
I _{DD} + I _{CC}	Total Supply Current		40	80	mA	
V _{DD}	RAM Standby Pin Voltage	2.2		5.5	V	Standby Mode, Reset ≤ 0.6V



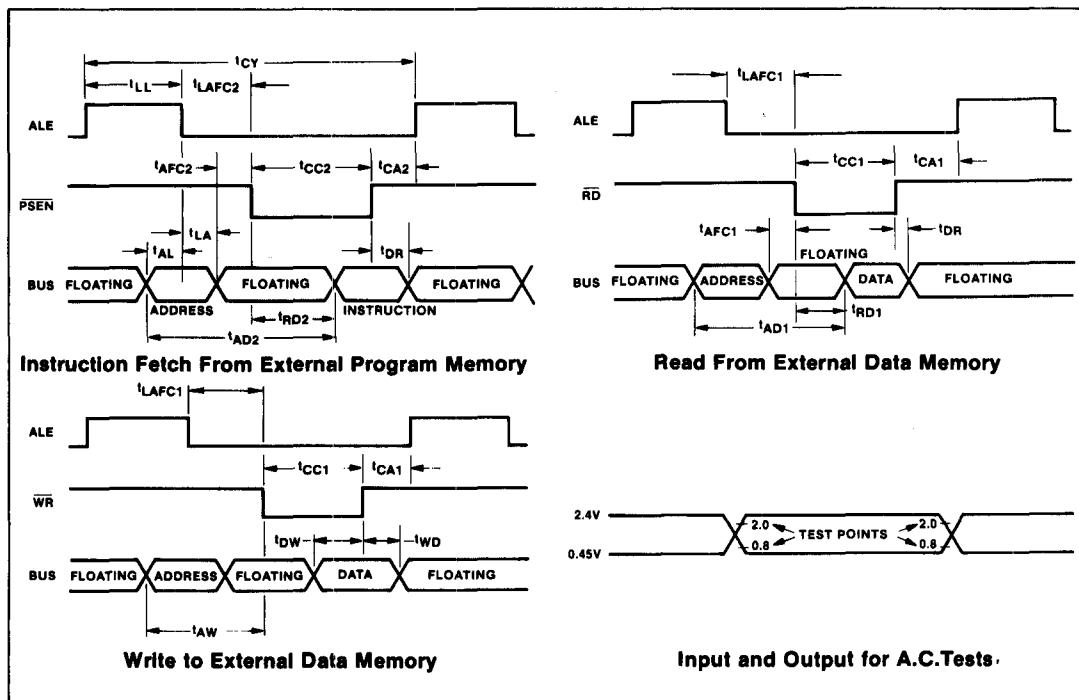
A.C. CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C , $V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$)

Symbol	Parameter	F (t _{CY})	8048H 8035HL				8048H-1 8035HL-1				Unit	Conditions (Note 1)		
			6 MHz		8 MHz		11 MHz							
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
t _{LL}	ALE Pulse Width	7/30 t _{CY} -170	410		260		150							
t _{AL}	Addr Setup to ALE	1/5 t _{CY} -110	390		260		160							
t _{LA}	Addr Hold from ALE	1/15 t _{CY} -40	120		80		50							
t _{CC1}	Control Pulse Width (RD, WR)	1/2 t _{CY} -200	1050		730		480							
t _{CC2}	Control Pulse Width (PSEN)	2/5 t _{CY} -200	800		550		350							
t _{DW}	Data Setup before WR	13/30 t _{CY} -200	880		610		390							
t _{WD}	Data Hold after WR	1/5 t _{CY} -150	350		220		120					(Note 2)		
t _{DR}	Data Hold (RD, PSEN)	1/10 t _{CY} -30	0	220	0	160	0	110						
t _{RD1}	RD to Data in	2/5 t _{CY} -200		800		550		350						
t _{RD2}	PSEN to Data in	3/10 t _{CY} -200		550		360		210						
t _{AW}	Addr Setup to WR	2/5 t _{CY} -150	850		600		300							
t _{AD1}	Addr Setup to Data (RD)	23/30 t _{CY} -250		1670		1190		750						
t _{AD2}	Addr Setup to Data (PSEN)	3/5 t _{CY} -250		1250		880		480						
t _{AFC1}	Addr Float to RD, WR	2/15 t _{CY} -40	290		210		140							
t _{AFC2}	Addr Float to PSEN	1/30 t _{CY} -40	40		20		10							
t _{LAFC1}	ALE to Control (RD, WR)	1/5 t _{CY} -75	420		300		200							
t _{LAFC2}	ALE to Control (PSEN)	1/10 t _{CY} -75	170		110		60							
t _{CA1}	Control to ALE (RD, WR, PROG)	1/15 t _{CY} -40	120		80		50							
t _{CA2}	Control to ALE (PSEN)	4/15 t _{CY} -40	620		460		320							
t _{CP}	Port Control Setup to PROG	1/10 t _{CY} -40	210		140		100							
t _{PC}	Port Control Hold to PROG	4/15 t _{CY} -200	460		300		160							
t _{PR}	PROG to P2 Input Valid	17/30 t _{CY} -120		1300		940		650						
t _{PF}	Input Data Hold from PROG	1/10 t _{CY}		250	0	190	0	140						
t _{DP}	Output Data Setup	2/5 t _{CY} -150	850		600		400							
t _{PD}	Output Data Hold	1/10 t _{CY} -50	200		130		90							
t _{PP}	PROG Pulse Width	7/10 t _{CY} -250	1500		1060		700							
t _{PL}	Port 2 I/O Setup to ALE	4/15 t _{CY} -200	460		300		160							
t _{LP}	Port 2 I/O Hold to ALE	1/10 t _{CY} -100	150		80		40							
t _{PV}	Port Output from ALE	3/10 t _{CY} +100		850		660		510						
t _{CY}	Cycle Time			2.5		1.875		1.36						
t _{OPRR}	T0 Rep Rate	3/15 t _{CY}	500		370		270							

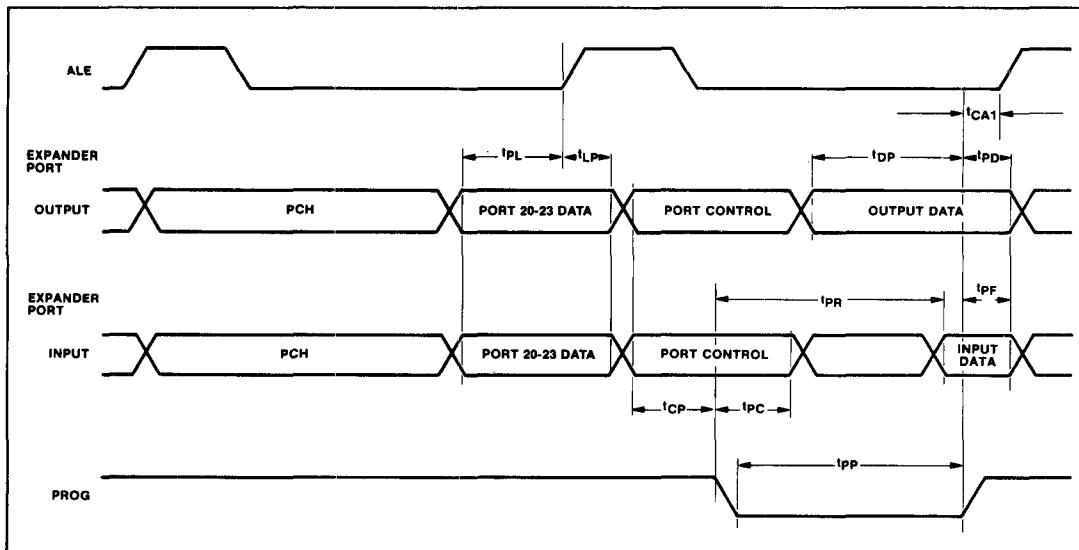
Notes:

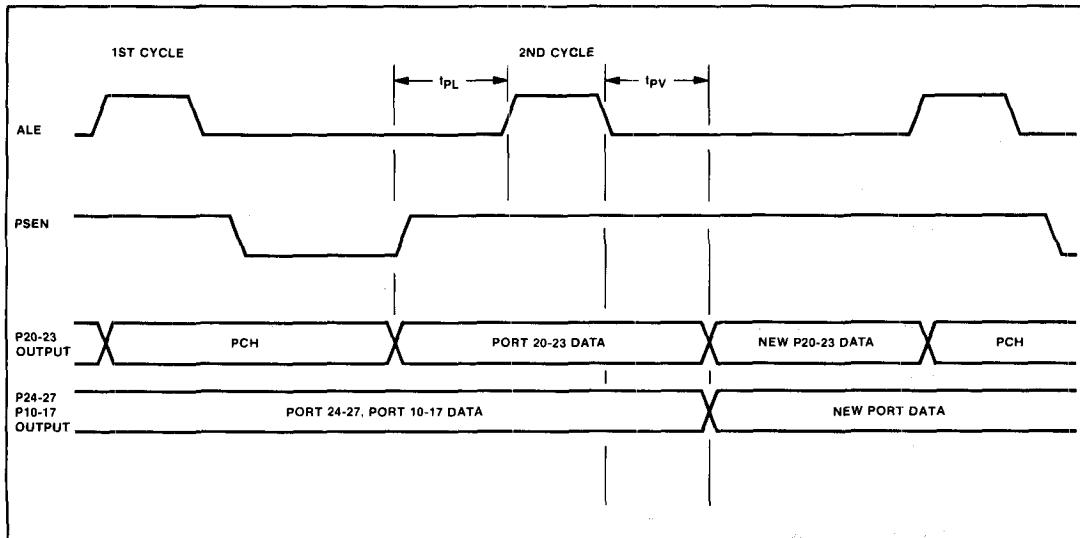
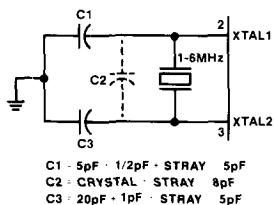
1. Control Outputs CL = 80pF
BUS Outputs CL = 150pF
2. BUS High Impedance Load 20pF

WAVEFORMS

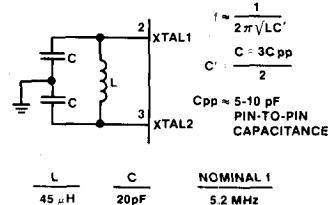


PORT 2 TIMING



I/O PORT TIMING**Crystal Oscillator Mode**

C1 = 5pF • 1/2pF • STRAY 5pF
 C2 = CRYSTAL • STRAY 8pF
 C3 = 20pF • 1pF • STRAY 5pF

LC Oscillator Mode

$$\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$C' = \frac{3C_{pp}}{2}$$

$$C_{pp} \approx 5-10 \text{ pF}$$

$$\text{PIN-TO-PIN CAPACITANCE}$$

L	C	NOMINAL
45 μ H	20pF	5.2 MHz
120 μ H	20pF	3.2 MHz

EACH C SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY 20pF,
INCLUDING STRAY CAPACITANCE.

Driving From External Source